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FruitFlyNet

A Location-aware System for Fruit Fly Monitoring and Pest Management Control

FruitFlyNet prototype: The case of olive fly

PERDIKIS D.¹, C. PONTIKAKOS², X. GIORGOUDELLIS³, Ch. TRAKA¹, Th. STATHAKIS¹, K. ARVANITI¹, D. PYROMALIS⁴, Th. TSILIGIRIDIS²

¹Agricultural University of Athens, Department of Crop Science, Athens, Greece

²Agricultural University of Athens, Department of Agricultural Economy and Development, Informatics Laboratory, Athens, Greece

³Skyrou 53, 11363 Athens, Greece

⁴ Department of Automation Engineering, Technological Education Institution of Piraeus, Athens, Greece









Universitat de les Illes Balears

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The 2007-2013 ENPI CBC Mediterranean Sea Basin Programme is a multilateral Cross-Border Cooperation initiative funded by the European Neighbourhood and Partnership Instrument (ENPI). The Programme objective is to promote the sustainable and harmonious cooperation process at the Mediterranean Basin level by dealing with the common challenges and enhancing its endogenous potential. It finances cooperation projects as a contribution to the economic, social, environmental and cultural development of the Mediterranean region. The following 14 countries participate in the Programme: Cyprus, Egypt, France, Greece, Israel, Italy, Jordan, Lebanon, Malta, Palestine, Portugal, Spain, Syria (participation currently suspended), Tunisia. The Joint Managing Authority (JMA) is the Autonomous Region of Sardinia (Italy). Official Programme languages are Arabic, English and French (www.enpicbcmed.eu).

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The project FruitFlyNet total budget is 1.662.872,32€ and it is financed, on an amount of 1.496.585,09€ (90 %), by the European Union (ENPI CBC Mediterranean Sea Basin Programme) through the European Neighbourhood and Partnership Instrument.

Editor(s):

Dionyssios Perdikis e-mail:dperdikis@aua.gr

Bactrocera (=Dacus) oleae, the Olive Fruit Fly







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Bactrocera oleae





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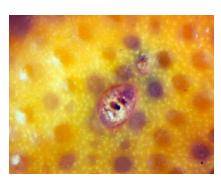


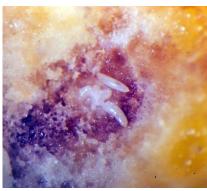
Ceratitis capitata, the Medfly















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Rhagoletis cerasi, the Cherry Fruit Fly







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Bactrocera zonata, Dacus ciliatus Invasive Fruit Flies





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What makes the FRUITFLIES major pests?

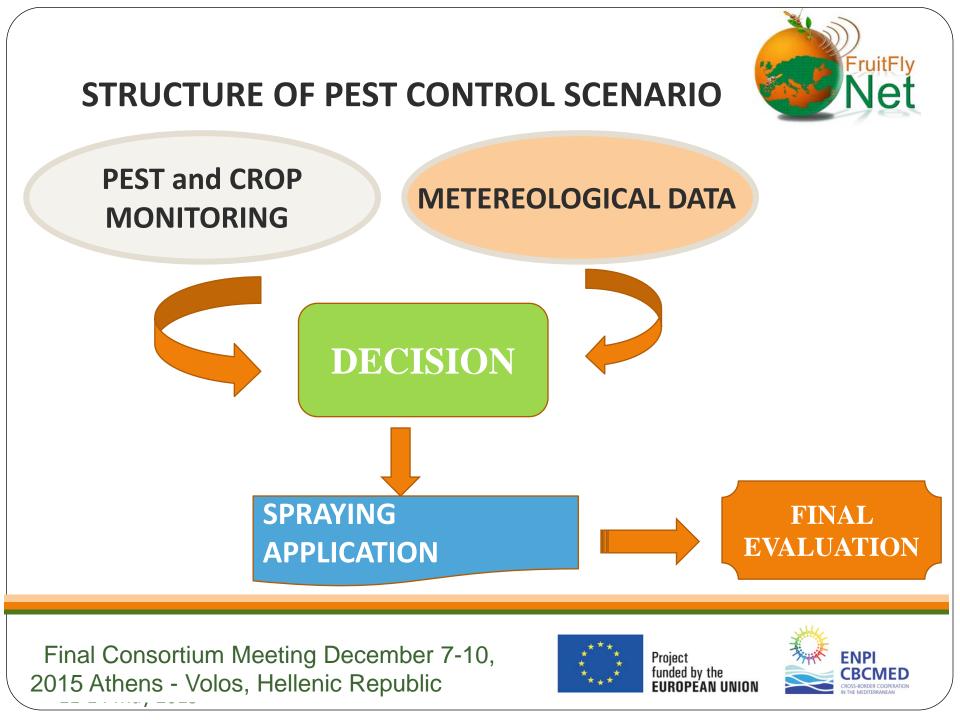


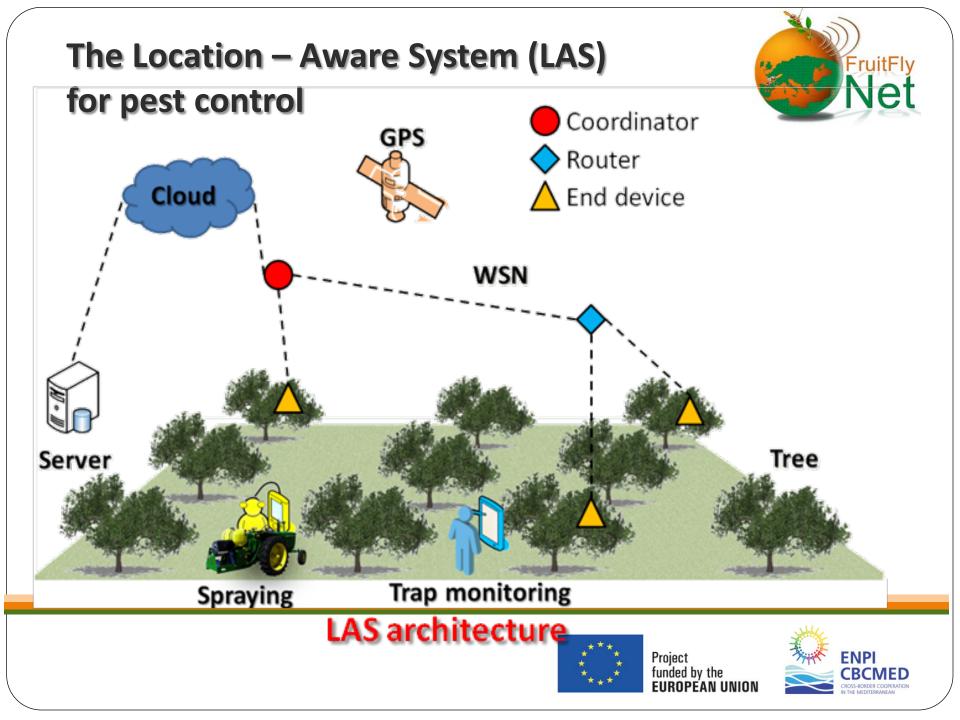
Direct damage on the fruit close to maturation	High risk for economic damage Timely application of insecticides Difficulties in the use of insecticides (PHI – residues in the fruit)
Develop in the fruit	Less efficacy by pesticides but also predators and parasitoids
Mobility/invasiveness	Monitoring essential on real time basis
Extended monoculture in large areas	Difficulties in the application of controi strategies / precision in monitoring and spraving
Ecological adaptation	High reproductivity, alternative host plants and food sources
Resistance to chemicals	Resistance has been commonly reported

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FRUIFLYNET EXPERIMENTATION

AIM: Develop the Location Aware System (LAS) and compare with the standard (NoLAS)

DESIGN: Use of randomized complete blocks (LAS, Standard, Control plots)

DEVELOPMENTS : E-traps, databases, Decision Support Systems, software, web services

> **OPERATION: Monitoring - Network of sensors, Spraying – software, web services**

EVALUATE - COMPARE: SPRAYING - INDICATORS (spraying volume, number of spray applications etc).

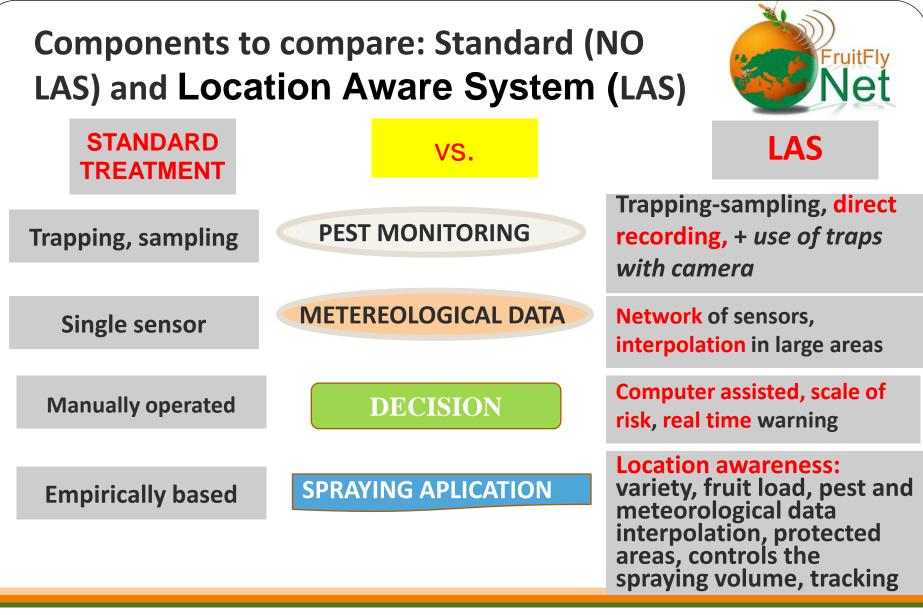
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FruitFlv







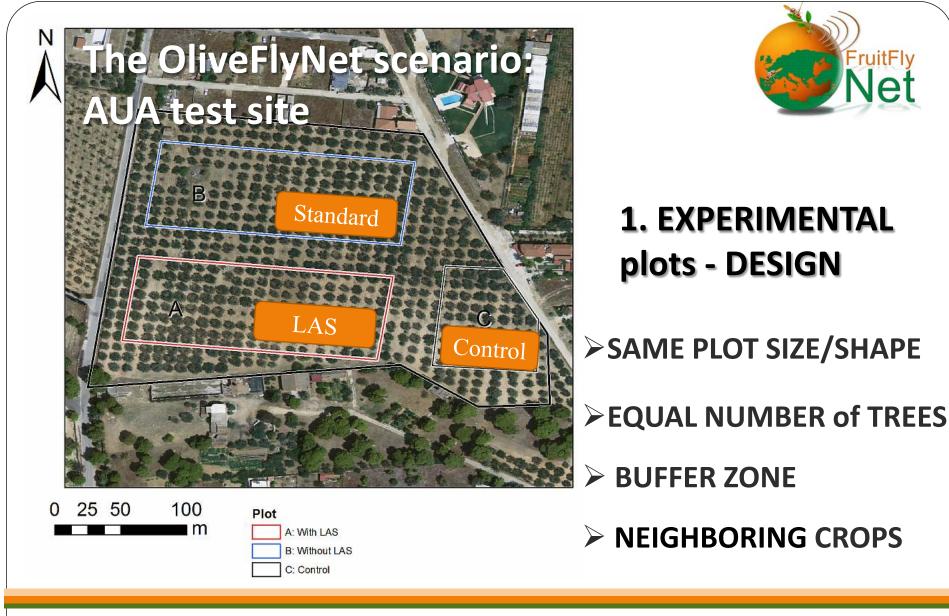
















2. ORCHARD DETAILS





SINGLE VARIETY (or varieties of similar susceptibility to the fruitfly tested)

Plots UNIFORMLY
 cultured:
 Tree age, height,
 fertilization, irrigation,
 pruning etc

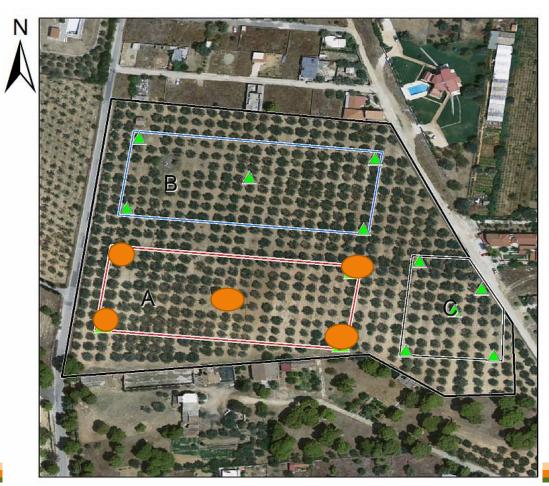
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3. PEST MONITORING

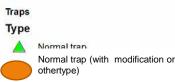




Points to consider:

in LAS plots: e-traps
 In NoLAS plots:
 standard methodology
 used by the farmer









4. METEOROLOGICAL DATA MONITORING



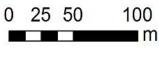


Sensor

T-RH-W-P-F

>DATA required for decision + spraying application

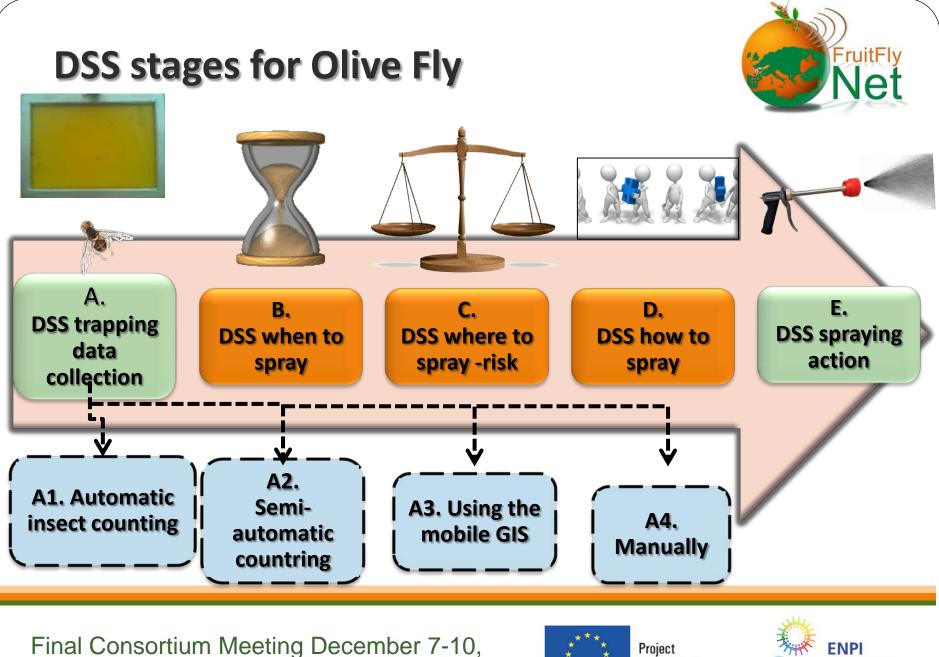
Network of sensors for Temp, RH, Prec., Wind



Sensors (T: Temperature, RH: Relative humidity, W:Wind speed, P: Precipitation,







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Pest monitoring: The e-trap







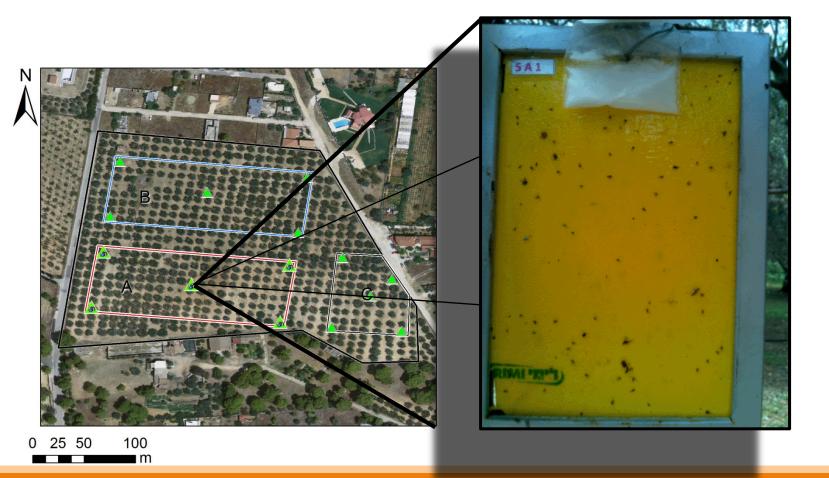
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Pest monitoring: The e-trap

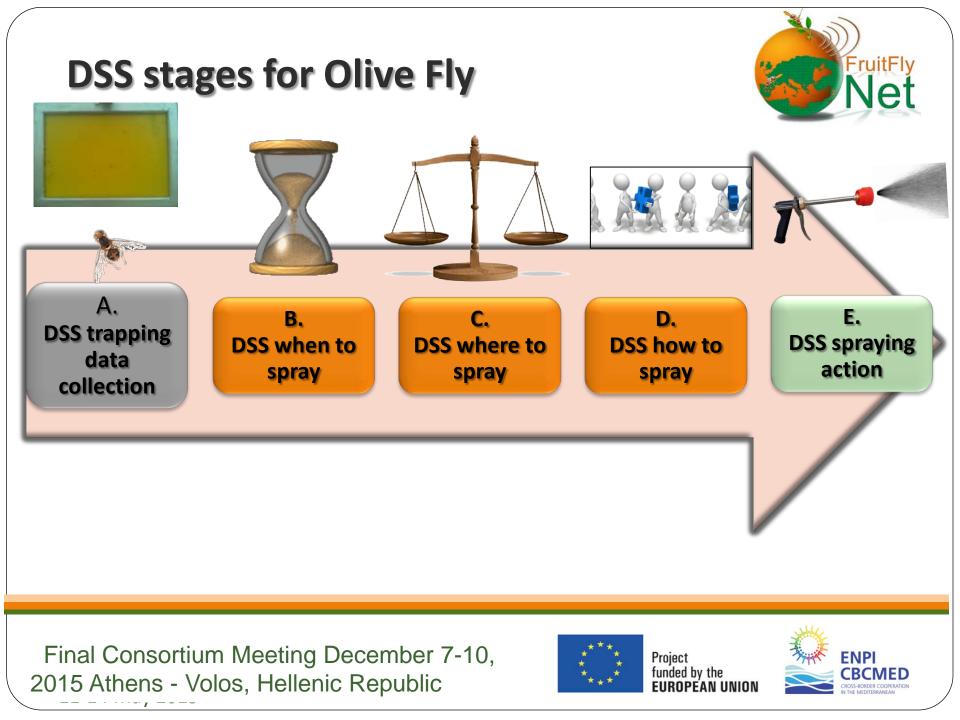


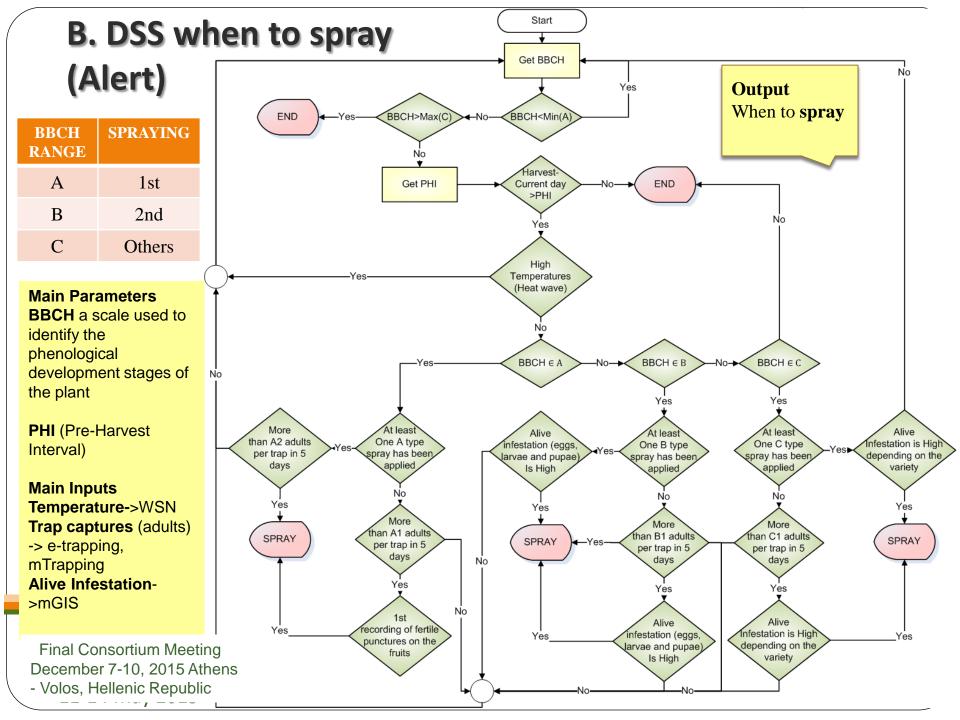


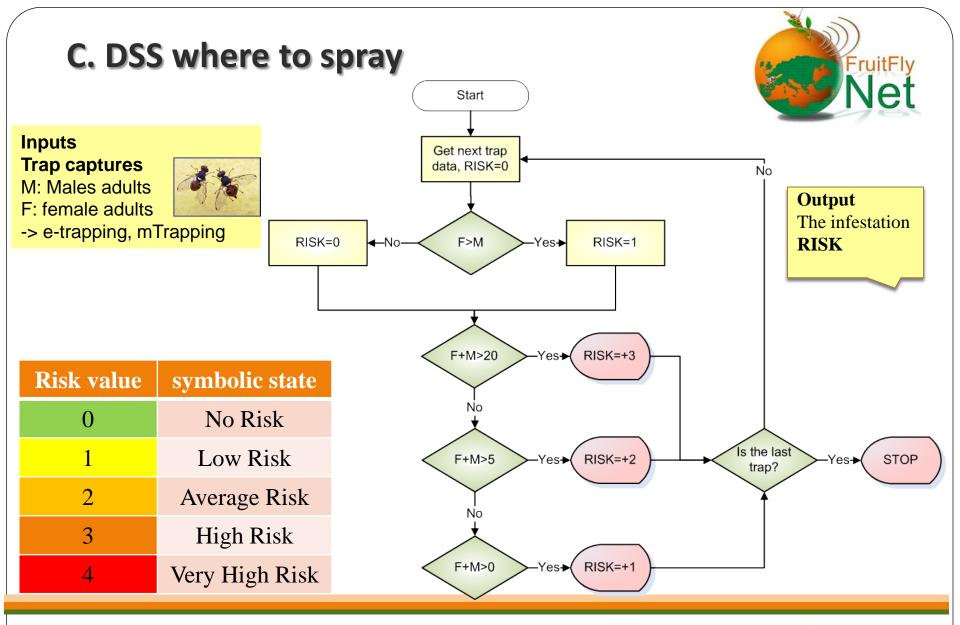
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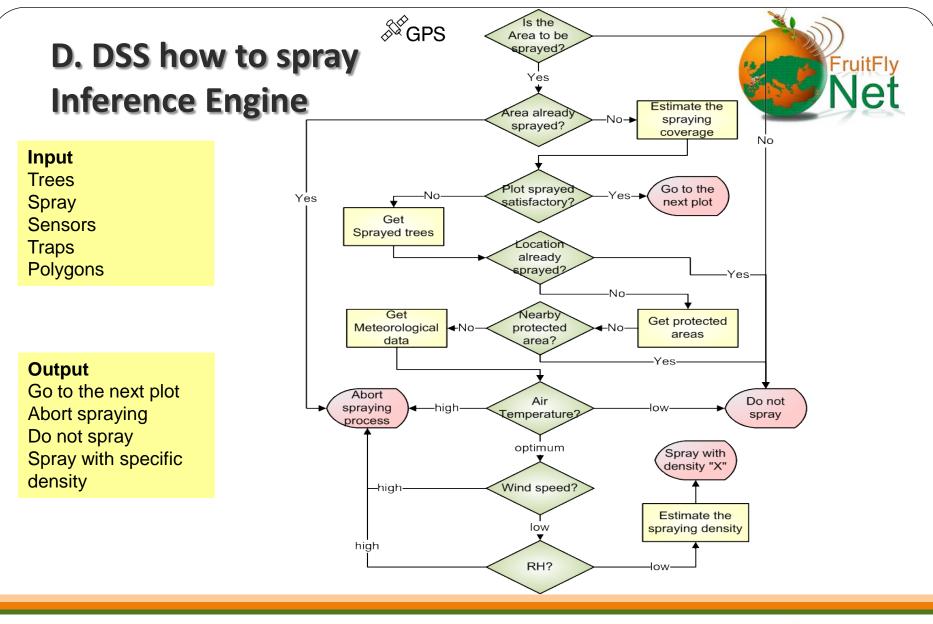






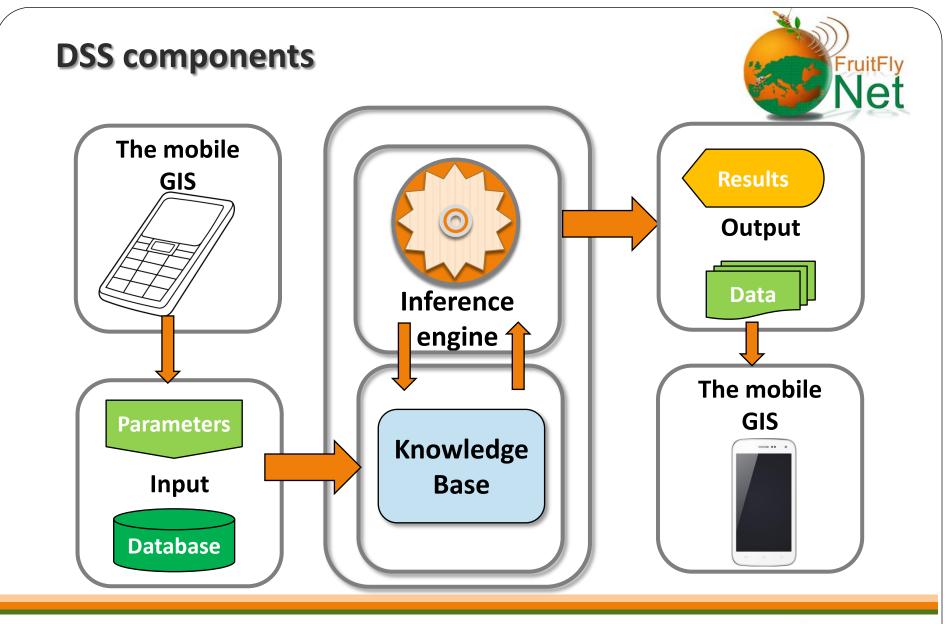








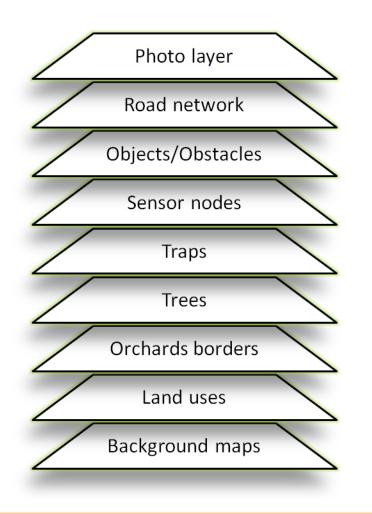








DIGITIZATION for location awareness



Points to consider:

- >Items to be digitized:
- traps position
- sensors position
- varieties distribution
- fruit load
- tree location
- obstacles/protected areas

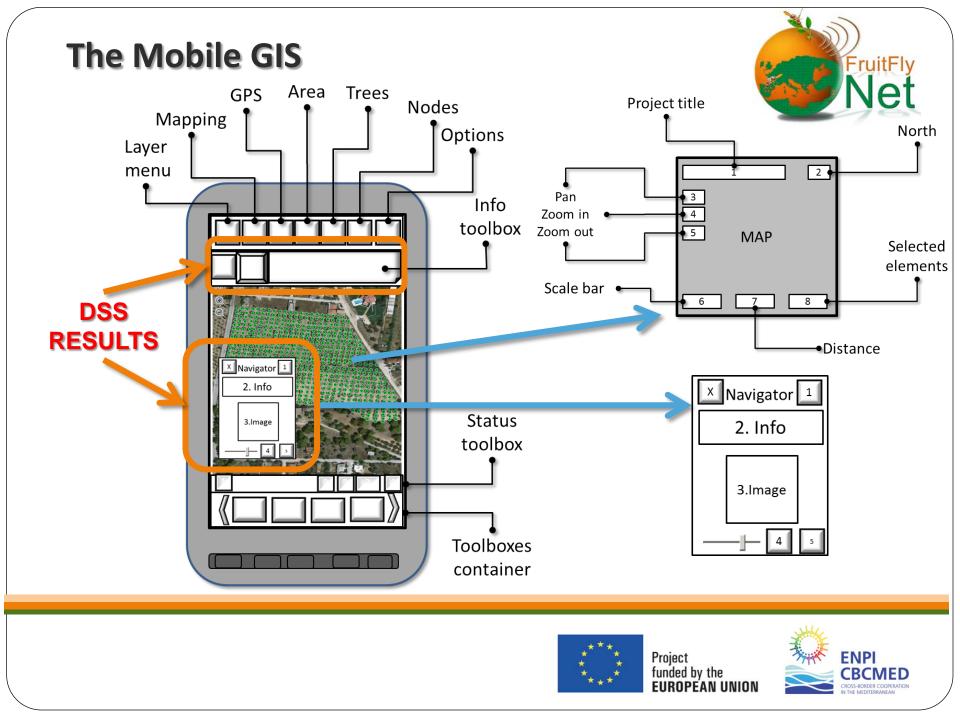
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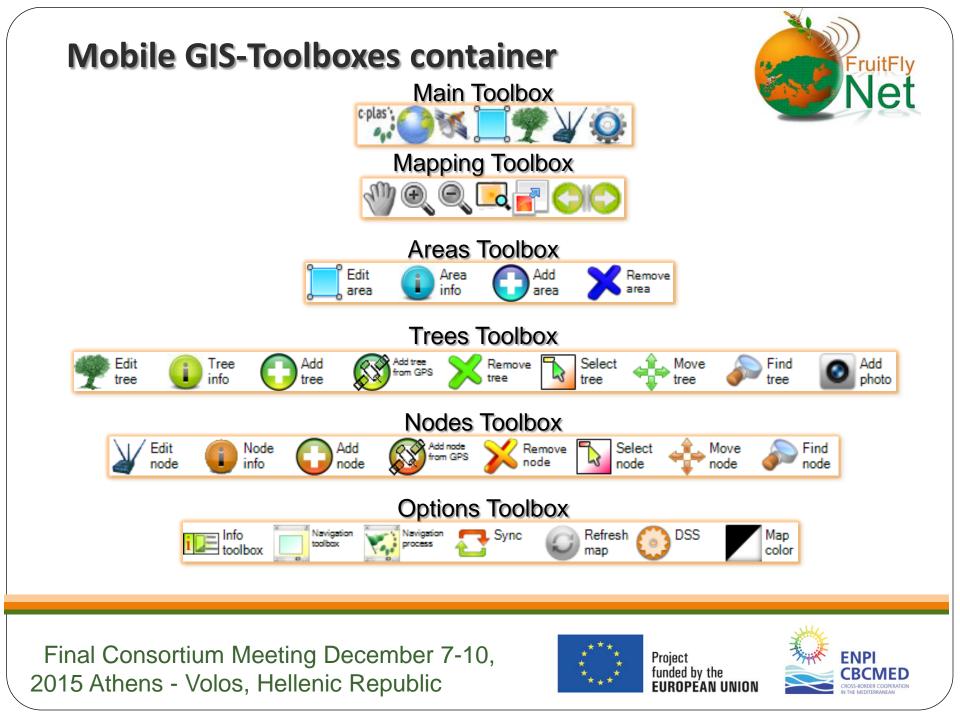


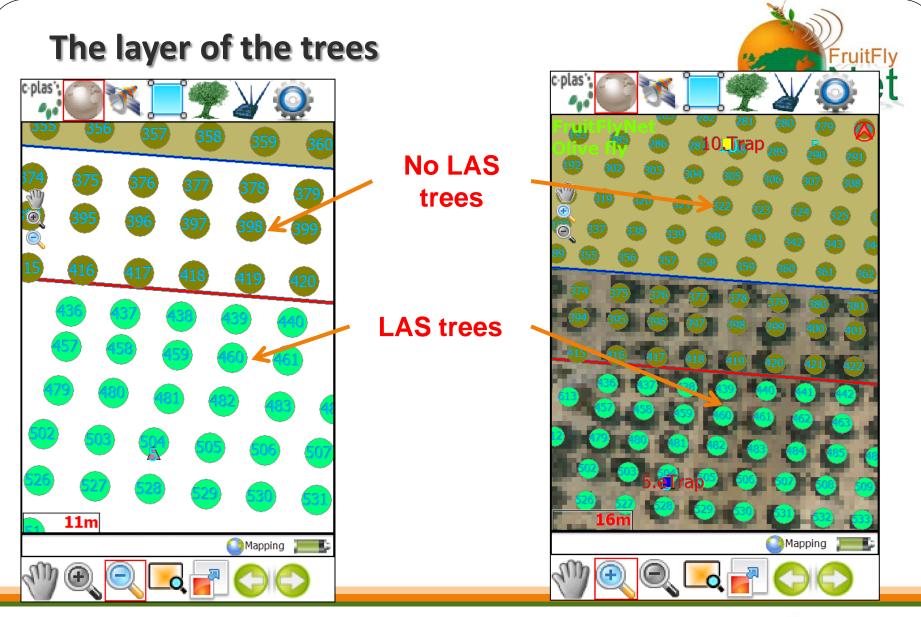
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FruitFlv











Other layers:



+ TRAPS

AREAS

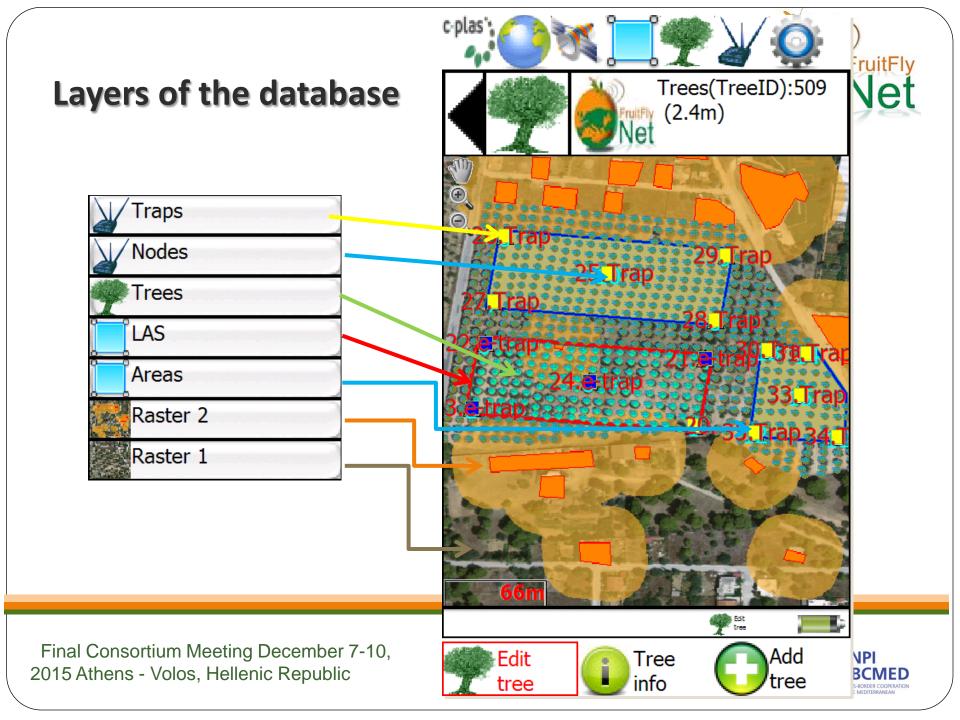
FruitFlyNet FruitFlyNet FruitFlyNet **Olive fly Olive fly Olive fly** 0 0 \odot 6. Trap 29. Trap 110 в 25.Trap 27.Trap Filo 2 BATC 21.etrab 5 A 24.e-trap Α 33.Trap Linap 35. Tran 2/ **66m** <u>66n</u> $\Theta \odot \Box \Box \Box \odot \odot$ @ @ **_**___ 0. 0. 🗖 🗗 🔿 🤅

+ SENSORS

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Mobile GIS-Project and Layers Toolbox (AUA)





Mobile GIS-Data	entry toolboxes	FruitFly
Locate tree	Open data entry menu	Open i.e. Sampling data entry form
<complex-block></complex-block>	Tree ID:559 Menu Tree Risk Remarks Sampling Spray Actions Pictures Actions Report	Tree ID:559 Samples Samples entries Display Del Add Edit Fruits Infested Fruits BBCH Del Del CH guide

	ping toolbox Trapping entry f		Ne
Image: Constraint of the second s		Traps Inspections by photo Photo Size Undo Undo Image: Size Image: Size <td< th=""><th>Accept 0 • 50 • 0 • 0 • 0 • 0 • 0 • 0 •</th></td<>	Accept 0 • 50 • 0 • 0 • 0 • 0 • 0 • 0 •





Fruit sampling for BBCH or pest damage



Mobile GIS

Thee ID.	60(Samp	le:13)		
Samples	entries			
Display	Del	🕂 Add	🖌 Edit)
3/7/15 7:	16:17 µµ			
Fruits				
50		-		-
Infested	Fruits			
0				
BBCH				
72		•	BBCH guide	
Natas				_
Notes				
				_

LAS



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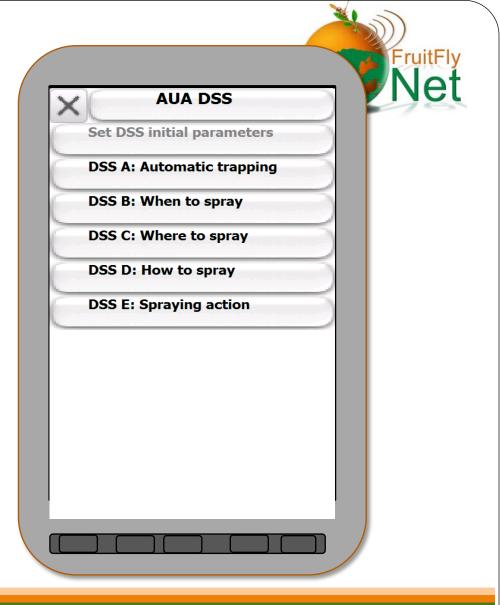
Mobile GIS-BBCH entry guide FruitFlv Restart BBCH Restart BBCH Restart BBCH Smart approach Smart approach Smart approach 7.Fruit development 7.Fruit development 6.Flowering 72.Fruit size about 20 % of final size. 72.Fruit size about 20 % of final size. 60.First flowers open. Fruit size about 20 % of final size. Fruit size about 20 % of final size. First flowers open. No Yes Accept No Yes Accept Yes Accept No

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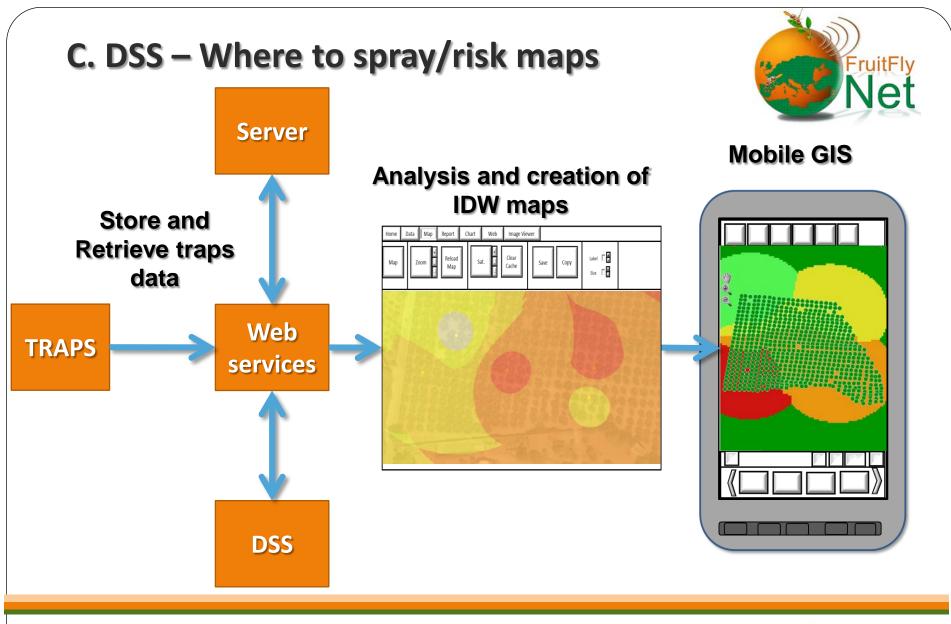
Mobile GIS - OUTPUTS: DSS RUNNING ON THE PARAMETERS ENTERED TO SHOW: WHEN, WHERE, HOW TO SPRAY AND GUIDE/RECORD SPRAYING ACTION



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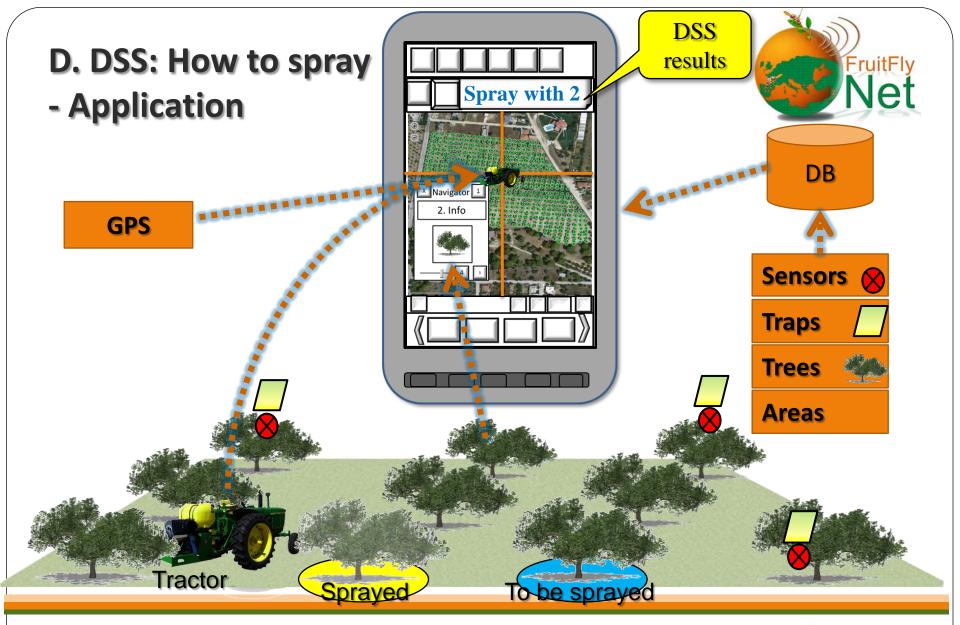
PROTECTED AREAS



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DSS D: How to spray



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6. SPRAYING DECISION

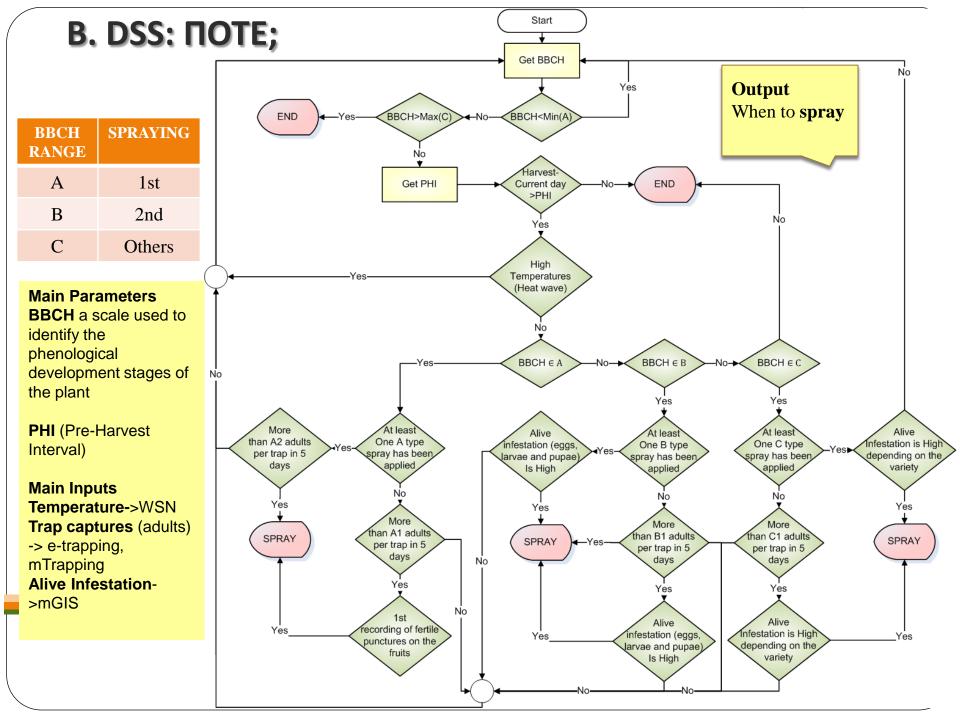


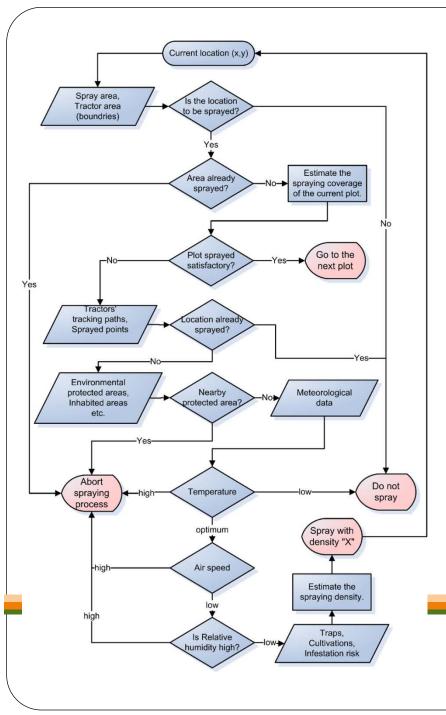
1.	Capture threshold	A critical number is 2-5 flies per trap in 5 days for the first spraying in July, later it can be more than 5.	Points to consider:
2.	Damage threshold on the fruits during the season	For the first spraying it is the first recording of fertile punctures on the fruits, for the next sprayings is the alive infestation (eggs, larvae and pupae) 1-2 or 3-5% depending on the variety and generation.	Trapping and sampling data
3.	Fruit color or other characteristic	Hardening of fruit kernel important for first spraying in July - BBCH	
4.	Critical climatic conditions	Temperature (lower than 14°C, 33°C or higher)	Scale of risk in LAS
5.	Risk scale description and respective measures (i.e. ratio of trees to be sprayed for bait sprayings)	This will be related to the captures, the damage level and the meteorological conditions.	

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7. SPRAYING APPLICATION

- >Type of spray: bait
- Weather conditions

Adjust tractor tracking and areas to be sprayed according to: interpolation of pest risk, variety, fruit load, obstacles.





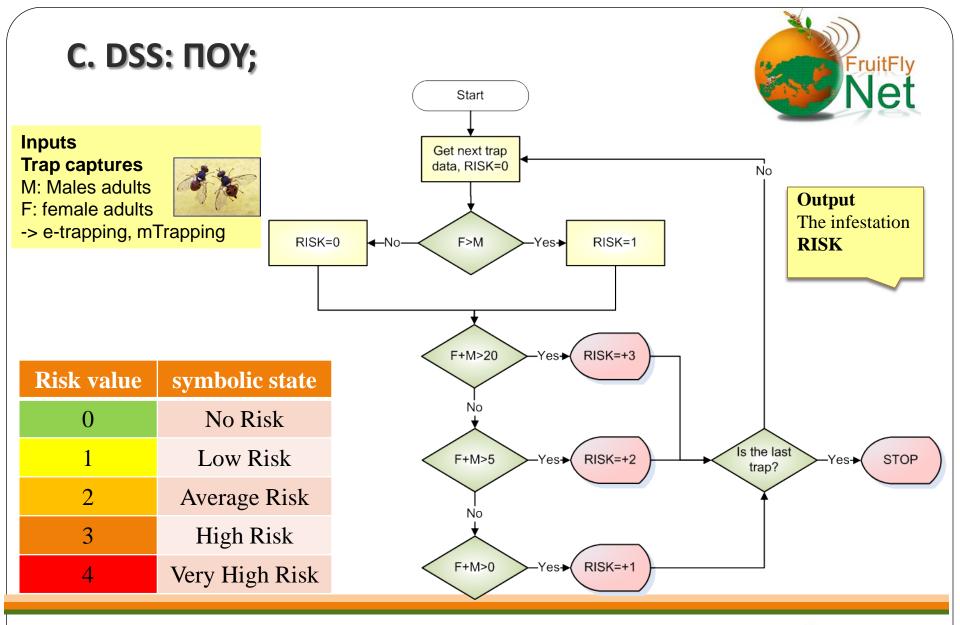


neters of the DSS B are shown in the following table.

(Double)

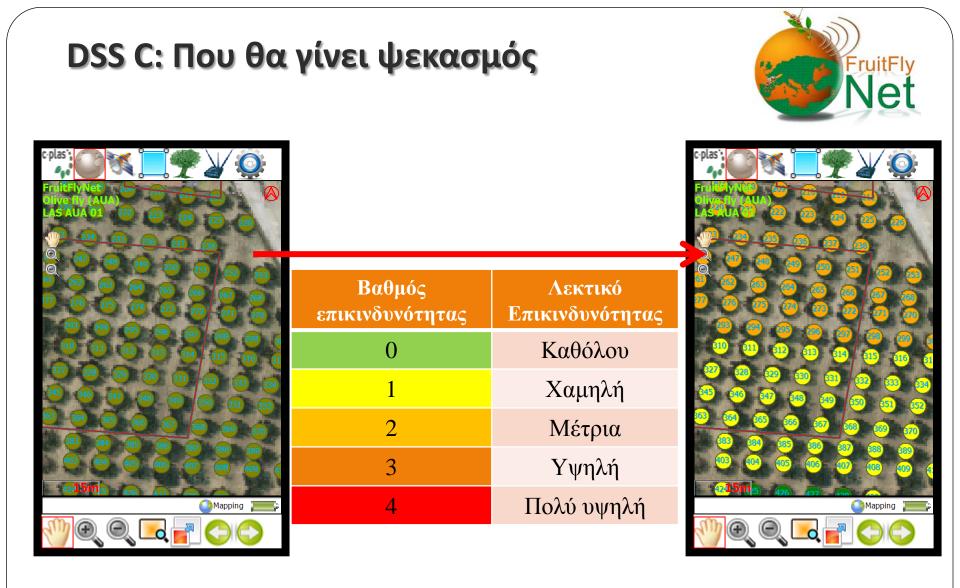
	: 51		able.	
	#	(Type)	Value/Threshold	Notes
	1	BBCH_A1 (Integer)	75	The lower limit of the A BBCH range
	2	BBCH_A2 (Integer)	78	The upper limit of the A BBCH limit
	3	BBCH_B1 (Integer)	78	The lower limit of the B BBCH range
	4	BBCH_B2 (Integer)	80	The upper limit of the B BBCH limit
	5	BBCH_C1 (Integer)	80	The lower limit of the C BBCH range
	6	BBCH_C2 (Integer)	85	The upper limit of the C BBCH limit
	7	A (Range Integer)	[BBCH_A1 - BBCH_A2)	The range BBCH for the 1 st spray
	8	B (Range Integer)	[BBCH_B1 - BBCH_B2)	The range BBCH for the 2^{nd} spray
	9	C (Range Integer)	[BBCH_C1 - BBCH_C2)	The range BBCH for the other sprays
	10	MeanAdultsPerTrapPer5DaysA or A1	2	The mean adult insect per trap and per 5 days for the $1^{\rm st}{\rm spray}$
	11	(Double) MeanAdultsPerTrapPer5DaysB or B1 (Double)	3	The mean adult insect per trap and per 5 days for the 2^{nd} spray
	12	MeanAdulisPerTrapPer5DaysC	5	The mean adult insect per trap and per 5 days for the other sprays
	13	(Double) NoFertilePuncturesOnFruitsA (Integer)	1	The number of fertile punctures on fruits
7th meeting of	14	PerCentAliveInfestationOnFruitsBmin (Double)	1	The lower threshold of the per cent alive infestation on fruits for the 2 nd spray
11-14 May 201	15	PerCentAliveInfestationOnFruitsBmax	2	The upper threshold of the per cent alive infestation on fruits for the 2 nd spray





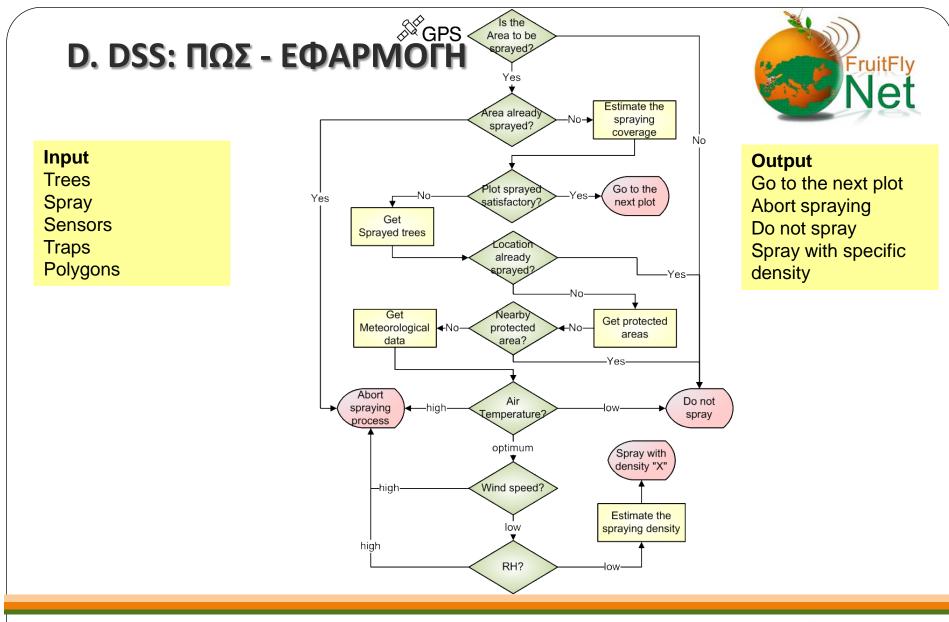








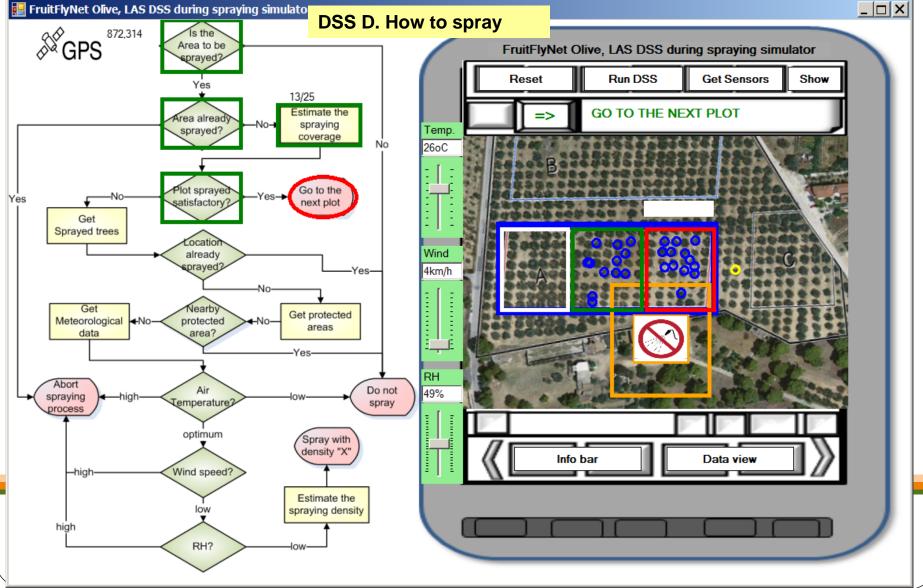










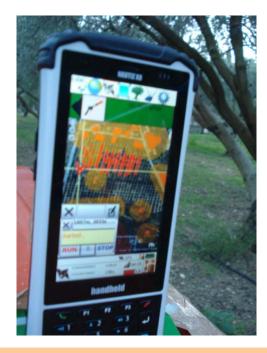


Ψεκασμός (Συμβατικό τεμάχιο-No LAS)



Καταγραφή





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Ψεκασμός (Συμβατικό τεμάχιο - No LAS)

DSS D: Πως θα γίνει ο ψεκασμός



FruitFly

Πρώτα (προφανή) αποτελέσματα:

- Σπατάλη ψεκαστικού (ψεκάστηκαν περισσότερα δέντρα)
- Ψεκασμός εκτός
 περιοχής ψεκασμού











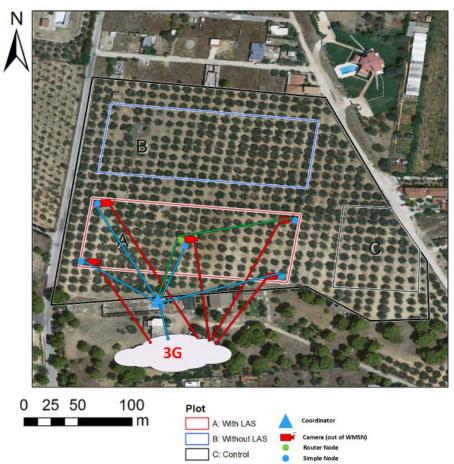






ΜΕΤΑΦΟΡΑ ΔΕΔΟΜΕΝΩΝ – ΔΙΚΤΥΟ Ή ΜΕΜΟΝΩΜΕΝΗ ΑΠΟΣΤΟΛΗ

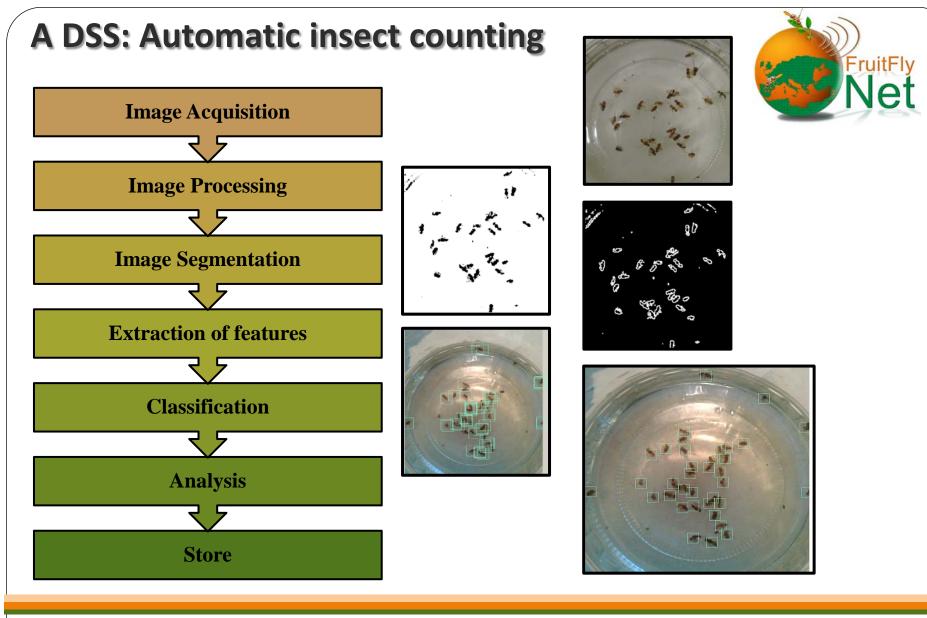




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7th meeting of the IOBC/WPRS , Kalamata, Greece 11-14 May 2015







7th meeting of the IOBC/WPRS , Kalamata, Greece 11-14 May 2015



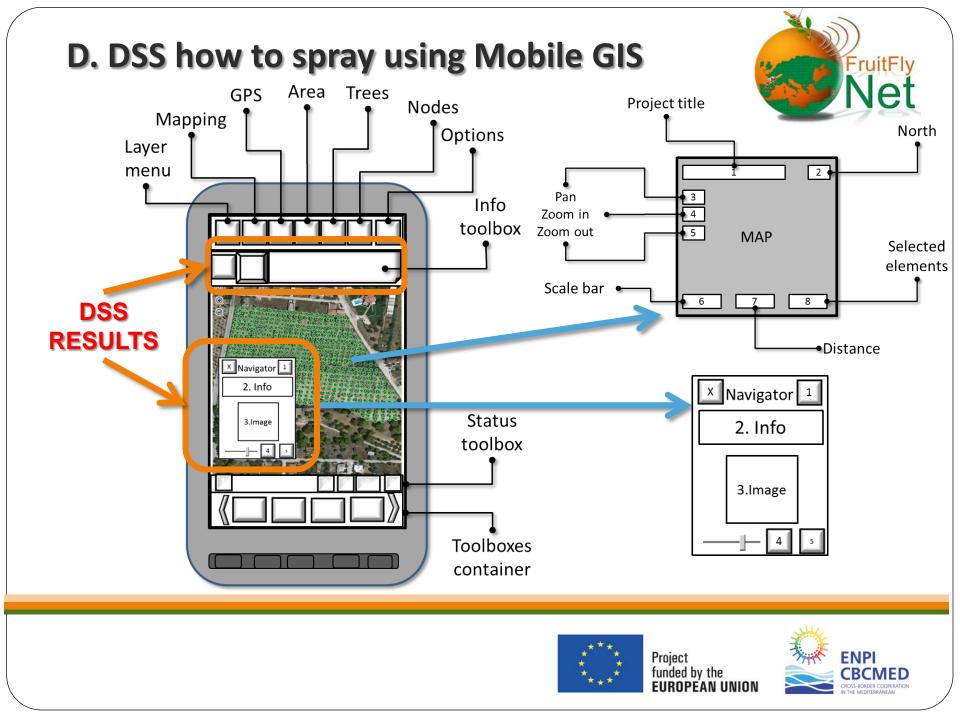




7th meeting of the IOBC/WPRS , Kalamata, Greece 11-14 May 2015

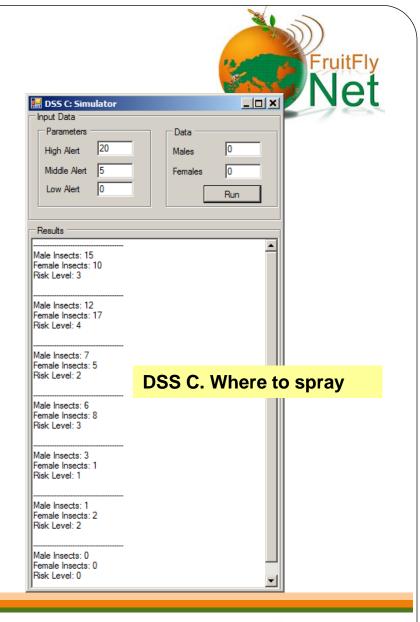






Simulators

Pa	arameter	Value	
	CH_A1	75	
BB	CH_A2	78	
BB	CH_B1	78	
BB	CH_B2	80	
BB	CH_C1	80	
BB	CH_C2	85	•
leanBBCH:	76		
Get BBCH: MeanBBCH: Get PHI: PHI:10 HarvestDay:	DSS B.	When to spray	<u> </u>

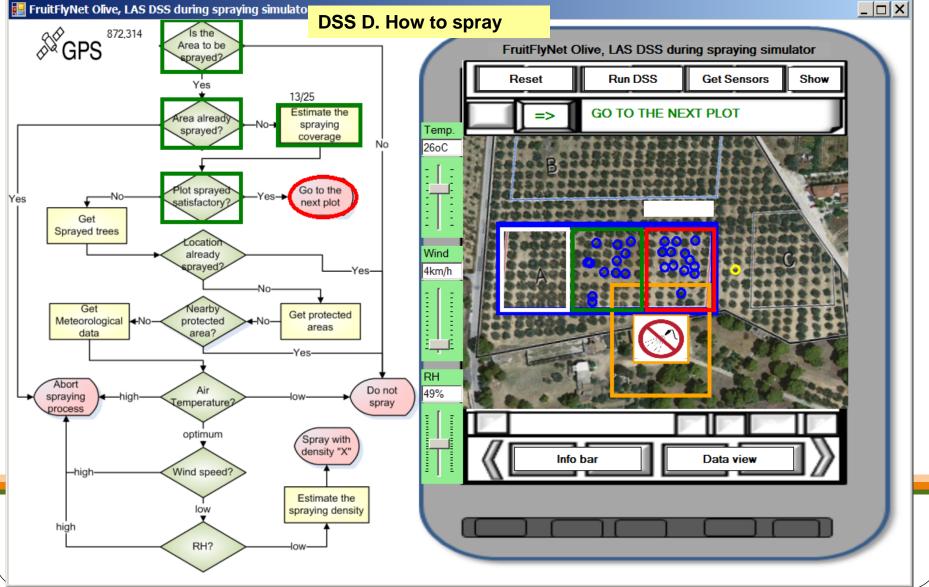


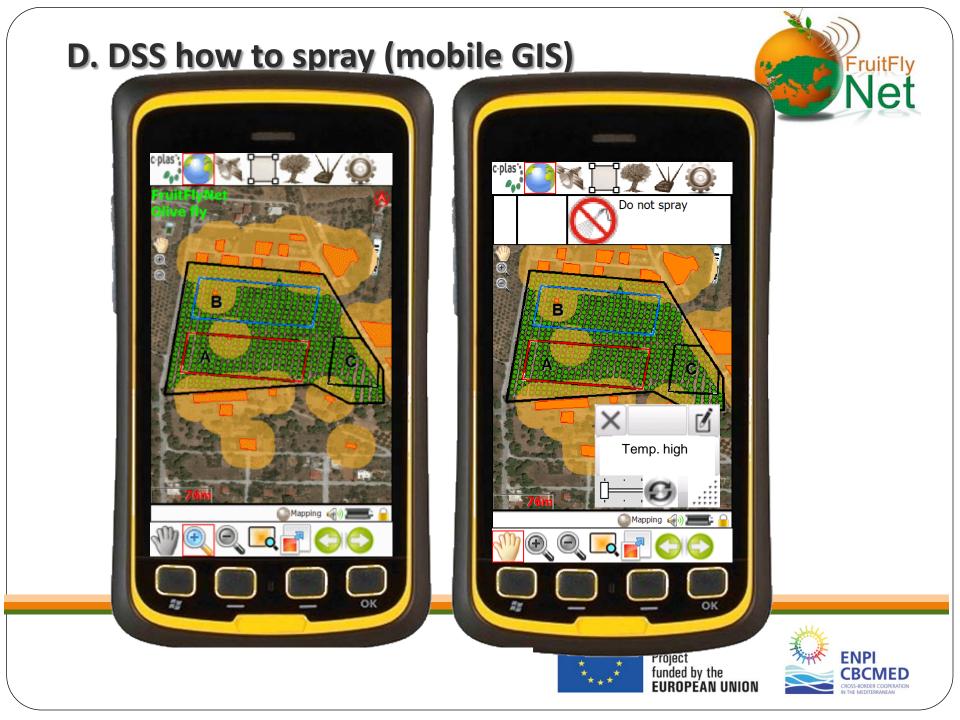




Simulators







Conclusions



- A DSS for olive fly bait spray applications was developed
- The components of the DSS were descripted
- Each DSS tested using specific simulators
- The Evaluation of each DSS will be performed using experimental methods and protocols





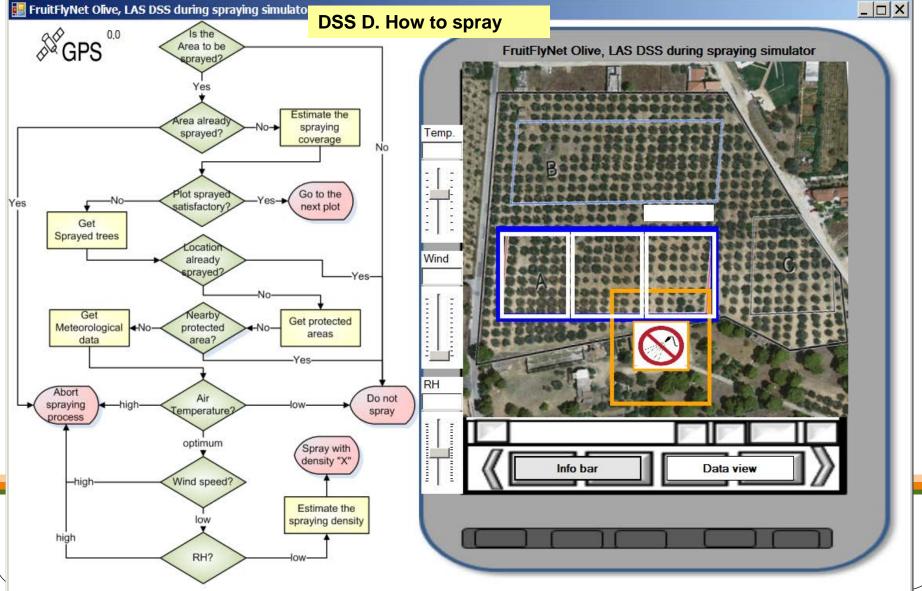






Simulators





Simulators



